

Seneca Global Income & Growth (LSE: SIGT LN)

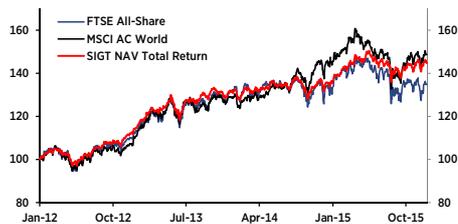
Price / NAV cum inc est (p)	143.0 / 141.3
Disc/Prem % (12m range)	+1.2 (-9.4 to +1.6)
Yield (%)	4.1
Market cap (£m)	58.0

Objective: outperform 3m LIBOR + 3% over the longer term, with low volatility and the prospect of capital growth through a multi-asset portfolio

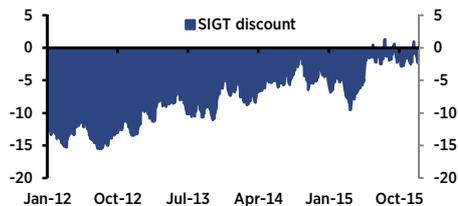
Benchmark	3-month £ LIBOR + 300bps
Listing / Domicile	Main Market / UK
Fund managers	Alan Borrows, Simon Callow
Ann. mgmt fee	below £50m = 0.9% of mkt cap above £50m = 0.65% of mkt cap
Ongoing charges (YE 30 Apr)	1.5%
Net gearing	c.13% (max 20%)
Dividend xd	Feb, May, Aug, Nov
Dividend paid	Mar, Jun, Sep, Dec
Discount control	see page 7
Continuation vote	yearly at AGM (July 2016)
Trust inception	19 August 2005
Revised policy/mandate	18 January 2012

Total Return	1yr	3yr	5yr	10yr
SIGT NAV	3.3	23.0	39.1	47.2
SIGT Price	9.1	42.4	54.5	52.5
MSCI AC World	-4.2	27.1	35.0	74.8

SIGT vs. equity b'marks since mandate change



SIGT discount (cum inc, %) under new mandate



Source: Morningstar, Bloomberg. Data as of 8 Jan 2016.

Charles Tan, CFA
Investment Companies Analyst
charlestan@cantor.com

Solid returns & discount control set SIGT up for growth

Seneca Global Income & Growth (“SIGT”) has a distinctive investment approach, which comprises a multi-asset, fund-of-funds based strategy combined with direct stock-picking (for the UK portion of the portfolio). In the four years since SIGT adopted a revised investment mandate, the trust has produced solid NAV performance with enviably low volatility and this has translated into a steady narrowing (and eventual elimination) of the discount, which the Board are now proposing to preserve with the introduction of a formal discount control mechanism. In our view, these developments make SIGT an attractive, underrated trust which represents a well-balanced way of gaining diversified exposure to global growth.

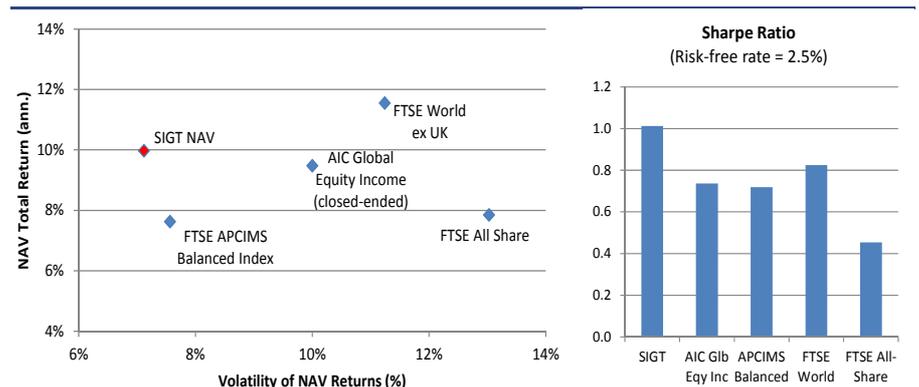
Progress achieved since change to investment mandate (18 January 2012):

- Since the change, SIGT’s annualised NAV total return has averaged c.10% p.a., which compares favourably to the FTSE All Share Index’s c.8.0%, and comfortably exceeds its own benchmark – 3m GBP LIBOR + 3%.
- Most notably, this superior performance has been achieved with a volatility of 7.5% p.a., which is significantly lower than that of major equity indices, e.g. the FTSE All Share Index (12.9%), FTSE World ex. UK (11.1%).
- The dividend has grown from 5.2p/share in 2012 to at least 6.1p/share in the current year, which has exceeded UK RPI inflation over the period. **The yield on SIGT shares is an attractive 4% p.a., which is paid quarterly.**
- The discount to NAV has narrowed from c.15% at the start of the period to c.0% today, and the Board has recently proposed introducing a formal discount control mechanism that would “regulate the share price at close to its net asset value”.

Superior risk adjusted returns, scalable investment strategy

SIGT has generated what is an evidently superior set of risk adjusted returns relative to its peers in both open- and closed-end funds, as well as traditional benchmark indices (see below). In our view, SIGT has made very encouraging progress since its mandate change and the numbers affirm the value being added by the managers at Seneca. We believe that recent developments are very positive for SIGT, which should see assets grow as more investors take notice of this underrated globally diversified trust.

SIGT NAV performance vs. benchmark indices and sector peers, since mandate change



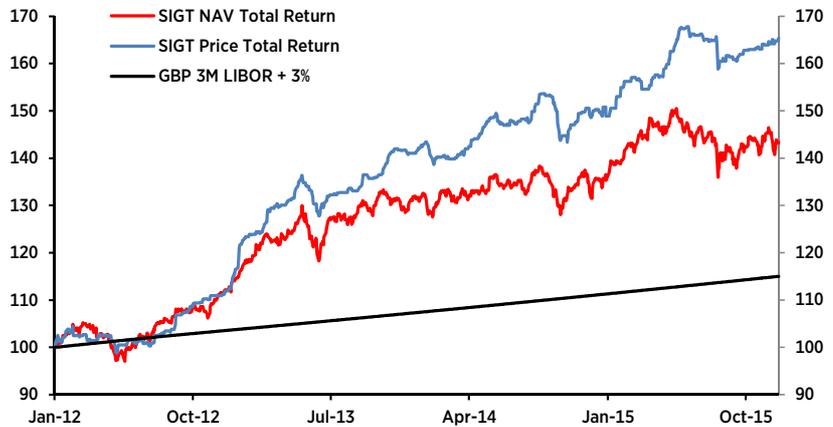
Source: Morningstar, CFE Research. Data from 18 January 2012 to 31 December 2015.

Performance since mandate change

Strong absolute performance with low volatility

SIGT NAV and Price total returns vs. fund's own benchmark, indexed to 100

Since the change of mandate, SIGT has strongly outperformed its official benchmark - the 3-month GBP LIBOR + 3% - whilst maintaining a fairly low volatility profile.



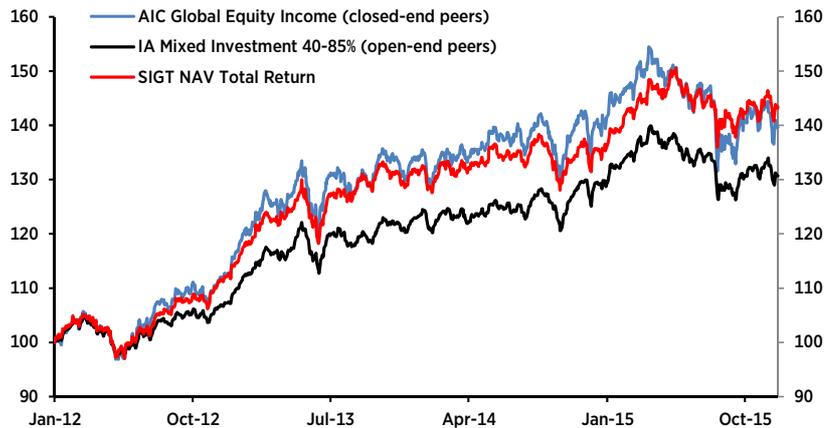
Source: Morningstar. Data from 18 January 2012 to 31 December 2015.

Solid NAV performance, better risk-adjusted returns vs. sector peers

SIGT NAV total returns vs. sector peers, indexed to 100

SIGT has outperformed its peers in both the open- and closed-end fund universes.

Since the mandate change, SIGT is marginally ahead of the AIC Global Equity Income sector, with significantly lower volatility, and strongly ahead of the IA Mixed Investment 40% - 85% peer group, with significantly lower volatility.



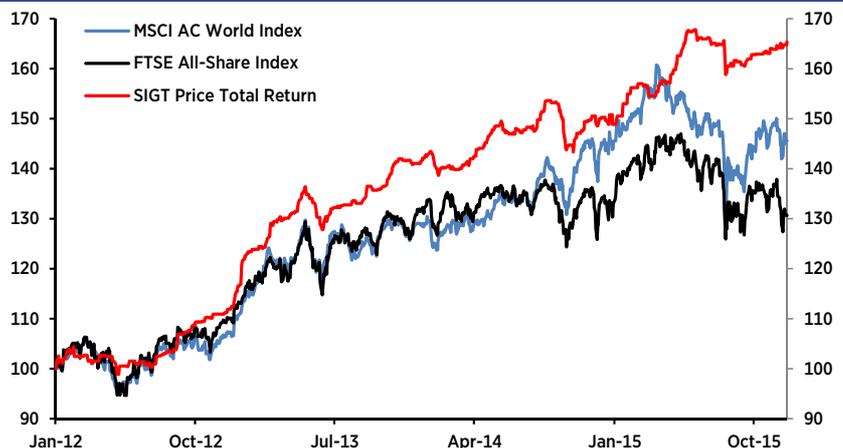
Source: Morningstar. Data from 18 January 2012 to 31 December 2015. AIC Global Equity Income sector returns are unweighted.

SIGT has outperformed global and UK equities considerably

Performance under revised investment mandate: GBP total return, indexed to 100

Investors in SIGT shares would have considerably outperformed global and UK equities since the mandate change in January 2012.

However, what makes this outperformance even more noteworthy, in our opinion, is the fact that it has been achieved despite equities making up only c.60% of the SIGT portfolio on average, which also explains in part the lower volatility profile of SIGT's returns.



Source: Morningstar. Data from 18 January 2012 to 31 December 2015.

Fund manager views – key points

The more things change, the more they stay the same

Fund manager Alan Borrows argues that the outlook for 2016 looks suspiciously similar to 2015 – characterised by the now-familiar phrase “lower for longer”. Global GDP growth looks likely to remain lacklustre, inflation stubbornly low and, as a result, monetary policy should stay accommodative. Against this dour macroeconomic backdrop, Borrows reiterates the importance of selecting investments and managers who add genuine value by generating outperformance (i.e. alpha) rather than gearing up on the market (i.e. beta) to generate significant returns for investors.

Keep calm and carry on

The manager is positive on the UK as he believes it is, and will continue to be, one of the better performing economies in a post-crisis developed world having identified and addressed their issues earlier than most. However, despite the weak economic situation, he is broadly optimistic about the prospects for European financial markets as the recent introduction of Quantitative Easing (QE) should have a beneficial effect on asset prices and a weaker euro should help lift general business conditions.

Valuations are key – buy low, sell high

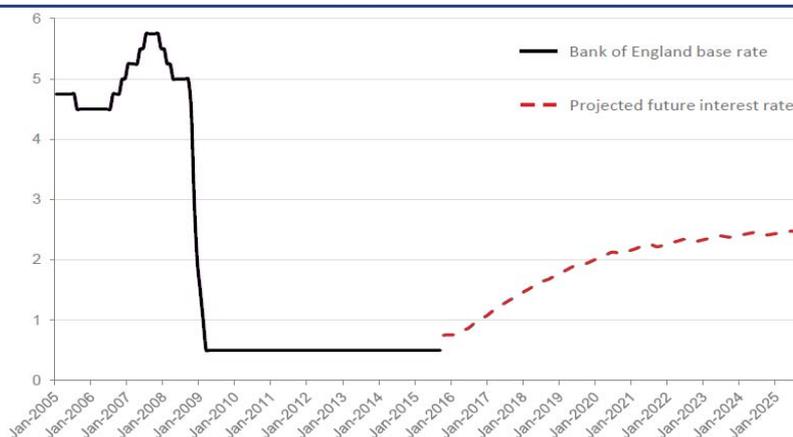
In the manager’s view, developed market equities (e.g. UK, Europe & Japan) look to be fairly valued – stocks are not excessively expensive, but it is even harder to make the case that they are cheap at current levels. The read-across from this is that returns going forward are unlikely to be driven by an expansion of earnings multiples, and the imperative is instead to focus on generating returns through a combination of income and positive stock selection, which is what SIGT aims to achieve.

Valuations in the emerging markets are significantly cheaper, but are reflective of the austere economic conditions that face regions such as Latin America, Russia and the Middle East for years to come, given their reliance on commodity exports for growth – and the likelihood that commodity prices will stay low for some time given the global demand / supply imbalance.

Lower interest rates will drive demand for alternative income

Borrows believes that while interest rates will inevitably rise from current levels, the Bank of England and other major central banks around the world are likely to do so more gently and to stop sooner than they have in previous cycles. The market appears to concur with this view (see chart below). Long-term demographic trends also mean that demand for relatively secure, high-yielding assets should increase with time, as loose monetary policy crimps the supply of such assets. As a result, the manager believes that specialist funds which provide “alternative income” should be in high demand and SIGT’s allocation to them has increased steadily over time (see page 5).

Bank of England base rate – historic and projected (based on GBP swaps curve)



Source: Seneca IM, Bloomberg

Analyst View

In our opinion, Borrow’s views are an honest and realistic assessment of the various opportunities and challenges facing investors in a post-2008 financial crisis world. His views and the resultant fund positioning have helped SIGT to generate healthy, peer-beating returns since the mandate change in 2012 and we believe the trust should continue to perform strongly in both absolute and relative terms, providing shareholders with income and capital growth over time.

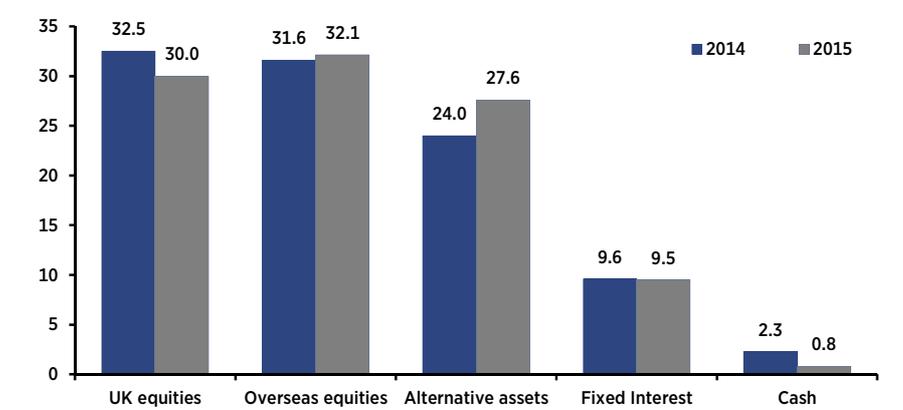
Portfolio statistics

Notable asset allocation movements

Over the past year, SIGT's asset allocation mix has continued to shift toward alternative assets (including property). This is not just a reflection of the manager's concerns over valuations in traditional asset classes (i.e. equities and fixed interest) but also recognition of the relative attractiveness of "secure income" assets in the low-growth, low-inflation environment post-financial crisis.

The allocation to alternative assets and property has increased to almost 30% (up from 24% at the start of the year), while the equities positioning has been trimmed slightly from c.65% at the start of the year. The cash position, notably, has been drawn down and SIGT is essentially fully invested as at 31 December 2015.

SIGT portfolio, asset allocation breakdown (% of NAV), calendar year end, 2014 vs. 2015



Source: Seneca IM

Well diversified portfolio – both by capital and income exposure

In addition to being diversified by asset class, the portfolio is also diversified by its income generation exposure – UK equities account for c.25%, Overseas Equities for c.28%, Alternative Assets (incl. Property) for 38% and Fixed Interest for c.9% of total income generated.

The number of holdings currently stands at just over 60. The portfolio typically holds 50-65 names at any one time and single holdings do not exceed 5% of NAV (see below for details of top holdings).

Top 5 holdings, by asset class, 31 December 2015

UK Direct Equities (business description)		%	Overseas Equities		%
1	Bovis Homes (regional housebuilder)	1.8	1	European Assets Trust	3.2
2	Marston's (independent brewery)	1.8	2	BlackRock Continental Euro Equity Income	3.1
3	National Express (transport operator)	1.8	3	Schroder Euro Alpha Income	3.0
4	Dairy Crest (packaged food products)	1.7	4	Aberdeen Asian Income	2.4
5	Kier Group (construction services)	1.7	5	CC Japan Income & Growth	2.4
Total		8.8	Total		14.1
Fixed Interest		%	Alternative Assets		%
1	TwentyFour Select Monthly Income	2.0	1	AJ Bell (unquoted)	3.2
2	Royal London Short Duration Global High Yield	1.9	2	Fair Oaks Income	1.8
3	Royal London Sterling Extra Yield Bond	1.9	3	Blue Cap. Global Reinsurance	1.8
4	M&G Global Floating Rate High Yield	1.0	4	Doric Nimrod Air Two	1.7
5	Maya Gold & Silver Convertible Debentures	0.4	5	UK Mortgages	1.5
Total		7.2	Total		10.0

Source: Seneca IM

Unquoted holdings – AJ Bell

AJ Bell, the largest portfolio position at 3.2% of NAV, remains the only unlisted holding in SIGT's portfolio. Unlisted investments are permitted up to 7.5% of the portfolio by value, measured at the time of investment. However, the manager does not envisage holding direct private equity / unlisted equity in general and notes that AJ Bell was very much an exceptional investment, unlikely to be repeated in the near future.

About AJ Bell:

- A UK leading SIPP provider (c.£26bn of assets under administration as at 30 Sept 2015, up 10% yoy, driven by strong growth in the platform business).
- Currently operating under the brand Youinvest (www.youinvest.co.uk).
- Offers on-line, low cost SIPP services and third party SIPP administration solutions
- SIGT's stake was last re-valued in May 2015 at 600p/share (which translates into a 19.9x historic P/E, 4.25% yield) following a partial disposal to Woodford Patient Capital Trust at that price.
- In the financial year ended 30 Sep 2015, revenues were £57m (up 7% yoy), and profit after tax was £12.3m, or 30.2p/share, from which, a dividend of 25.5p/share was declared.
- More than 200% of SIGT's initial investment has already been returned via income distributions and partial disposals.
- Shares are currently valued in the portfolio at c.6x cost.

Alternative assets

Alternative assets are a growing part of the SIGT portfolio, and the trust's allocation to the sector has risen steadily in recent years, providing an increasingly diversified, uncorrelated source of returns and income (see table below).

Name	% of NAV	Yield (%)	Div. Cover	Debt/ Assets	Description
Assura plc	1.1	3.5	1.1	52	UK REIT that invests in primary healthcare assets (e.g. GP practices)
AJ Bell	3.2	4.2	1.2	0	Refer to details above
Blue Capital Global Re	1.8	6.4	1.3	0	Invests in the global catastrophe reinsurance market
Doric Nimrod Air 2	1.7	8.5	-0.7	53	Owns seven Airbus A380s which are on long leases to Emirates Airlines
DP Aircraft	1.5	8.6	1	53	Owns two Boeing 787s, both on long leases with Norwegian Air Shuttle
Ediston Property	1.3	5	0.4	23	UK REIT that invests in high-yielding regional commercial property
John Laing Env. Assets	1.4	5.6	1	57	Fund of environmental infrastructure assets (e.g. renewable energy, water & waste management)
Ranger Direct Lending	1.4	9.4	1.1	0	Invests in specialist loans to small and medium-sized businesses, secured by commercial assets and/or guarantees
SQN Asset Finance	1.2	5.9	1.3	0	Invests in the financing of business-essential, revenue-producing equipment and other physical assets
UK Mortgages	1.5	5.6	1.2	80	Invests in portfolios of loans secured against UK residential property assets

Source: Seneca IM, as at 31 October 2015

About the Trust

The Trust was launched on 19 March 1996 as The Taverners Trust. On 19 August 2005 the name was changed to Midas Income and Growth Trust and Midas Capital Partners were appointed managers.

Following the acquisition of Midas Capital Partners (which became Miton Capital Partners) by Seneca Asset Managers in 2014, the Trust changed its name to Seneca Global Income & Growth Trust plc on 1 October 2014.

Investment approach

Top-down, multi-asset, growing income, capital growth, lower volatility

The managers follow a multi-asset value approach and look to construct a balanced portfolio of assets with both market and non-market correlation. The emphasis is on reducing volatility and risk and on achieving absolute returns while delivering a yield that is comparable to mainstream equity funds. This is done by using a predominantly top-down approach. Individual investments are selected as best ideas to implement the top-down thematic decisions.

Equities, fixed interest, property and alternative assets

The managers can invest in UK and overseas equities (25%-85%), fixed interest securities (0%-40%), property (0%-25%) and alternative assets (0%-25%). They vary the asset allocation of the portfolio around a core long-term position for each asset class with a view to adding value through tactical asset allocation.

Diversification into non-equity asset classes

The non-equity investments seek to diversify further the portfolio and reduce volatility. The alternative assets aim to add an element of absolute return to the portfolio, while the property and fixed interest elements aim to provide a degree of income security and further capital preservation.

Strong balance sheets, cash flow and dividend growth

The equity element of the portfolio is principally focused on FTSE 350 companies with strong balance sheet, cash flow and dividend growth characteristics. In addition, a significant proportion of the equity portfolio is also invested in overseas markets.

The managers

Alan Borrows is lead manager of the Trust. With over 30 years' experience, he jointly founded Midas Capital Partners in 2002. He has been lead manager on the CF Seneca Diversified Income Fund (formerly CF Midas Balanced Income Fund) since launch in 2002. Previously he was Senior Investment Manager at the Merseyside Pension Fund, where he led the introduction of a wide range of alternative asset classes.

Simon Callow has been co-manager of the Trust since 2008. He was promoted to lead manager of the CF Seneca Diversified Growth Fund (previously CF Midas Balanced Growth Fund) on 1 July 2011, having previously been deputy manager. He has 16 years investment management experience, including eight years as an Associate Director at BWD Rensburg, specialising in private client broking and discretionary fund management.

The managers of SIGT are further supported by the four other members of Seneca's six-strong investment team – Peter Elston (CIO), Richard Perfect, Mark Wright and Tom Delic – all of whom contribute to the Trust's management through their individual research specialisations.

Management fee

The management fee payable is calculated by reference to the Company’s market capitalisation, at a rate of 0.9% per annum on market capitalisation up to £50m and 0.65% per annum on market capitalisation above this figure.

The agreement is terminable by either party on twelve months’ notice. The fee is chargeable 50% to capital and 50% to revenue within the Income Statement.

Gearing policy

SIGT has put in place a two year short term rolling debt facility of £7m. The new facility replaces the two year short term rolling debt facility which expired on 31 October 2015.

The margin on the new facility is 0.7% over LIBOR, significantly less than the 1.15% margin on the facility that it replaces. The other commercial terms on the new facility are similar to those of the facility that it replaces.

The Company was 12% geared at the end of October 2015.

Dividend policy

The Trust pays three interim dividends of an equal amount, with a fourth interim dividend announced after the end of the financial year (xd May, paid June) that sets the payout for the next three interim dividends, barring unforeseen circumstances. In deciding the level of the fourth interim dividend the Board takes into account current year performance and future year prospects.

For the financial year to 30 April 2015 the Trust paid a total dividend of 5.67p (FY2014 5.25p), 1.04x covered by earnings. The revenue reserve at 30 April 2015 stood at 2.5p/share.

SIGT quarterly dividend history, since mandate change (2012)



Source: Bloomberg, Seneca IM

Discount control policy

The Board is committed to pursuing the enlargement of SIGT and to this end will be putting forward any necessary resolutions at the **next AGM in July 2016 to introduce a discount control mechanism that would aim to regulate the share price at close to its net asset value (NAV).**

Regulatory Disclaimer

This note has been prepared and distributed by Cantor Fitzgerald Europe ("CFE"), which is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority ("FCA"). This note is defined by the FCA as a marketing communication and is not "investment research", a "research recommendation" or a product of the Research Department. Please be aware that the CFE Research Department may issue a formal recommendation and target price on the stocks mentioned, which may differ from the opinion given here. This note may contain information obtained by CFE from third parties; the source of information will usually be disclosed. No representation or warranty is made as to the accuracy or completeness of this information and opinions expressed may be subject to change without notice. All the information contained herein is based upon information available to the public and has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable. Any or all forward-looking statements in this note may prove to be incorrect and such statements may be affected by inaccurate assumptions or by known or unknown risks and uncertainties. CFE does not undertake any obligation to revise such forward-looking statements to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events or changed circumstances. CFE does not provide individually tailored investment advice in notes. This note should not be considered a solicitation or an offer of advice for the purposes of the sale or purchase of any security, investment or derivative. This note is designed for information purposes only. CFE, its officers, employees and affiliates shall not be liable to any person in any way whatsoever for any losses, costs or claims howsoever arising from any inaccuracies or omissions in this note or any reliance on this note. It is issued on the basis that CFE is not acting in a fiduciary capacity. This note is issued without regard to the recipient's specific investment objectives, financial position and the value of any security, or the income derived from it, may fluctuate. Certain securities and/or transactions give rise to substantial risks and are not suitable for all investors. Investors must undertake independent analysis with their own legal, tax and financial advisers and reach their own conclusions regarding the economic benefits and risks of the security described herein and the legal, credit and tax aspects of any anticipated transaction. Where a security is denominated in a currency other than the local currency of the recipient, changes in exchange rates may have an adverse effect on the value of the security. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. The price or value of the investments to which this note relates; either directly or indirectly, may fall or rise against the interest of investors. CFE, its officers, employees and affiliates may have a financial interest in the security or securities described in this note or otherwise buy, make markets in, hold, trade or sell any security or securities described herein or provide services to issuers discussed herein. The security or securities mentioned herein may not be eligible for sale in some jurisdictions and may not be suitable for all types of investor. Investors should contact their CFE representative if they have any questions or wish to discuss the contents of this note. CFE salespeople, traders and other professionals may provide oral or written market commentary or trading strategies to our clients that reflect opinions that are contrary to the opinions expressed in this note. It may not be circulated or copied to any other party without the express permission of CFE. All rights reserved.

Disclosures required by United States laws and regulations

This note is being distributed by CF Europe / CF & Co US / CF Canada / CF Hong Kong in the United States and is intended for distribution in the United States solely to "major U.S. institutional investors" (as such term is defined in Rule 15a-6 of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and applicable interpretations relating thereto) and is not intended for the use of any person or entity that is not a major institutional investor. This material is intended solely for institutional investors and investors who Cantor Fitzgerald & Co reasonably believes are institutional investors. It is prohibited for distribution to non-institutional clients including retail clients, private clients and individual investors. Major Institutional Investors receiving this note should effect transactions in securities discussed in this note through Cantor Fitzgerald & Co. This note has been prepared in whole or in part by analysts employed by non-US affiliates of Cantor Fitzgerald & Co that are not registered as broker-dealers in the United States. These non-US analysts are not registered as associated persons of Cantor Fitzgerald & Co. and are not licensed or qualified as research analysts with FINRA or any other US regulatory authority and, accordingly, may not be subject (among other things) to FINRA's restrictions regarding communications by a research analyst with a subject company, public appearances by research analysts, and trading securities held by a research analyst account.

Other jurisdictional disclosures

This note has been prepared by equity analysts of Cantor Fitzgerald Europe not by Cantor Fitzgerald Canada Corporation ("CFCC"). This note has not been prepared subject to the disclosure requirements of Dealer Member Rule 3400 – Research Restrictions and Disclosure Requirements of the Investment Industry Regulatory Organisation of Canada ("IIROC"). If this note had been prepared by CFCC in compliance with IIROC's disclosure requirements, CFCC would have been required to disclose when it and its affiliates collectively beneficially own 1% or more of any class of equity securities issued by the companies mentioned in this note. Cantor Fitzgerald Canada Corporation may distribute research notes prepared by any of its affiliates.

The distribution of this note in other jurisdictions may be restricted by law and persons into whose possession this note comes should inform themselves about and observe any such restrictions. By accepting this note you agree to be bound by the foregoing instructions.

Cantor Fitzgerald Europe publications are also available on Bloomberg (CFEU <go>), Capital IQ, FACTSET and Thomson Reuters.

Disclosures

CFE are corporate brokers and market makers to Seneca Global Income & Growth (SIGT LN).

A draft of this research note has been shown to the company following which factual amendments have been made.

Cantor Fitzgerald Europe publications are also available to clients on Bloomberg (CFEU <go>), Capital IQ, FACTSET, Thomson Reuters and Interactive Investor.

Global Equity Research Locations

Cantor Fitzgerald & Co

499 Park Ave
NY 10022
New York, USA
(212) 938-5000

Cantor Fitzgerald Canada Corporation

181 University Avenue
Suite 1500
Toronto, ON M5H 3M7, Canada
(416) 350-3671

Cantor Fitzgerald (HK) Capital Markets Ltd

6707-6712, The Center
99 Queens Road Central
Central Hong Kong, SAR China
(852) 3477 7899

Cantor Fitzgerald Europe

One Churchill Place, 20th Floor, Canary Wharf,
London, E14 5RB

Switchboard: +44 (0)20 7894 7000

www.cantor.com